

WORLD JOURNAL OF PHARMACEUTICAL AND MEDICAL RESEARCH

www.wjpmr.com

SJIF Impact Factor: 6.842

Review Article
ISSN 2455-3301
WJPMR

A SCIENTIFIC REVIEW ON MODE OF ACTION OF SHIVLINGI ON GARBHASTHAPANA W.S.R. TO CORRECTION OF HORMONAL CASCADE

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Article Received on 31/05/2024

Article Revised on 21/06/2024

Article Accepted on 11/07/2024

ABSTRACT

Infertility is a global health issue which affects millions of people of reproductive age worldwide. As per data, one in six people experiences infertility i.e., 8-12% couples of reproductive age worldwide & 15-20 million people of reproductive age in India. Infertility is inability to achieve pregnancy after 1 year or more of regular unprotected sexual intercourse. As, it causes psychological, physical, mental detriment to patients. Infertility occurs due to various factors, in which lifestyle & hormonal factors dominantly affect fertility in the current era. In these, the disorders of endocrine system causing an imbalance of reproductive hormones is one of the burning issues for infertility. In Ayurvedic Samhitas, Acharyas mentioned that normal Garbhasambhava Samagri results in Garbhasthapana but abnormalities in any one of them cause Vandhyatva. This Samagri may be correlated with hormonal cascade, as there are any abnormalities, the *Garbhasthapana* will not take place. Reviewing Infertility & role of Shivlingi beej in it through Ayurvedic Samhitas, commentaries, recent published books, research journals & modern science literature, the collection of data done to get co-relation between Ayurveda & Modern literature. Shivlingi beej churna, is unfamiliar & unnoticed medicine which shows great results in countering infertility as it corrects the imbalance of hormones & acts as Garbhasthapaka. An effort has been made in this paper to review scientifically & explain the role, advantages & positive results of Shivlingi as Garbhasthapaka in condition of disturbed hormonal cascade in both sexes. The uses of ayurvedic medicine promotes hormonal activity in body & improves stability. Shivlingi is very less commonly used medicine to treat infertility in both sexes. The amount of information given in ayurvedic texts about Shivlingi is so minimal. So, it shows the necessity of scientific verification of characteristics & principles of Shivlingi.

KEYWORDS: Infertility, Grabhasthapaka, Ovarian reserve, DHEA, Shivlingi beej.

INTRODUCTION

In Ayurvedic Samhita, Acharya mentioned that natural conception happens only when Garbhasambhava Samagri is in healthy & normal condition. Because normal Garbhasambhava Samagri are the only factors responsible for Garbhasthapana^[1], when there are abnormalities in any one of them, it causes Vandhyatava (Infertility). So here we may can corelate the Beeja in samagri as ovum or sperm which is the main factor for Garbhasthapana.^[2]

Infertility is a global health issue which affects millions of people of reproductive age worldwide. As per data, one in six people experiences infertility i.e., 8-12% couples of reproductive age worldwide & 15-20 million people of reproductive age in India. Infertility is inability to achieve pregnancy after 1 year or more of regular unprotected sexual intercourse. Infertility occurs due to various factors, in which lifestyle &

hormonal factors dominantly affect fertility in the current era. In these, the disorders of endocrine system causing an imbalance of reproductive hormones is one of the burning issues for infertility.

In the event of Infertility, *Ayurveda* holds high esteem & great results in this field. As there are wide range of *Ayurvedic* drugs used in infertility in both sexes.

Shivlingi is traditional medicine and having a wide range of natural actions. *Shivlingi beeja* was explained by *Bhavaprakasha* under *Punsavana Vidhi dravya*^[5], but its scientific mode of action is seen as anti-infertility, aphrodisiac and in correction of hormonal cascade.

As per *Tikakar Dalhana*, we can use *Punsavana Vidhi dravya* by three ways, in that they explained that, we can use those drugs before the existence of *Garbha* to conceive as *Garbha-prapti dravya* and also after

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conception for establishment of pregnancy Garbhasthapaka dravya.^[6]

Shivlingi ingredients one of the of 'Strirativallabhugpak', which is described under Vajikaranadhikar by Bhavprakasha.^[7]

In Vanaspati shastra also, they mentioned that swallowing the Shivlingi beeja with banana leads to Garbhasthapana in females.[7]

On the basis of this, Shivlingi can be use as Garbhasthapak dravya and Garbhaprapti dravya.

AIM AND OBJECTIVE

- To review & evaluate mode of action of Shivlingi in Vandhyatva in both male & female.
- To interpret hypothetical action of Shivlingi in Vandhyatva in both male & female.
- To review the action of Shivlingi on beeja factor of Vandhyatva in both male & female.

METHODOLOGY

Reviewing Infertility & role of Shivlingi beej in it through Ayurvedic Samhitas, commentaries, recent published books, research journals & modern science literature, the collection of data done to get co-relation between Ayurveda & Modern literature.

DISCRIPTION OF DRUG Shivlingi

Latin name – Bryonopsis Laciniosa Naud. [8] Family – Cucurbitaceae. [8]

Sanskrit synonyms - Lingini, Bahupatra, Ishwari, Shaivamallika, Swayambhu, Amruta, Pandoli, Lingasambhuta, Lingi, Chitraphala, Lingaja, Devi, Apstambhini,
Sutbandhini.^[9,10]
Raga Shivaja, Shivavalli,

Rasa – Katu, Tikta

Virya – Ushna

Vipaka – Katu

Guna – Laghu, Ruksha, Tikshna

Doshaghnata – Kaphaghna

Prabhava – Uterine tonic

Useful part – Seeds Karma – Rasayana. [11]

Medicinal properties - Uterine tonic, Fertility booster, Aphrodisiac, Spermatogenic, Antioxidant etc.

Chemical composition

- 1) Punicic acid
- 2) Goniothalamin
- 3) Glucomannan

Indications

Male infertility - due to Oligospermia (less in count), Asthenozoospermia (reduced spermatic

- motility), Teratozospermia (abnormal spermatic morphology).
- Impaired spermatogenesis.
- Female infertility due to Imbalance in hormonal cascade, DUB, Tubal blockage, ovarian factors like PCOS, Diminished ovarian reserved.
- Obesity & weight loss.

Dosage^[12]

The general dose of Shivlingi beeja churna.

1 to 3 gm twice a day for adult (max. 6gm per day) With milk

3 hours after a meal is best time to take it.

For minimum 3 months.

Properties of Milk (cow milk)- Madhur rasatmak, Vrushya, Balvardhak, Vajikar, Rasayan, Bruhaniya, Jivaniya, Yoniroga & Shurkraroga nashak. [13,14]

PREVIOUS WORK DONE

- 1. A Scientific Review on Shivlingi Beej (Bryonia Laciniosa): A Mystical Ethno-Medicine for Infertility (August 2017) by Dr. Khyati Sud -Dhanwantari Ayurved College, Koydum, Virpur, Dist. Mahisagar, Gujarat Ayurved University, Jamnagar.
- Role of *Shivlingi* in Infertility (2013) by Chaudhari VM. Avlaskar AD – SSAM. Pune.
- 3. A Review on Shivlingi Seeds for Infertility (2021) by Ritika Bhabhor - Sigma Institute of Pharmacy, Vadodara.
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PROBABLE MODE OF ACTION OF SHIVLINGI **BEEJA**

Male Infertility

In Ayurveda, Acharya Sushruta explained the properties of Shuddha Shukra & Dushta Shukra. While explaining the 11 types of abnormalities (dushti) in Shukra (Beeja factor) Acharya Sushruta mentioned that, all those types of Dushta Shukra will be unable to fertilize and leads to Vandhyatva, it means beeja factor is crucial factor in process of conception.[15]

The infertility in male is seen due to impaired spermatogenesis, oligospermia, Asthenozospermia, teratospermia i.e., impaired functioning in formation of sperm, low quantity & quality of sperm reported as major cases.

Infertility is linked to psychological stress which leads failure to reproduce, which indirectly spermatogenesis.

The prolonged psychological stress increases cortisol level in blood which further affects spermatogenesis and increased cortisol level may inhibits action of luteinizing hormones (LH), resulting in lower amount of testosterone and gonadotropins. It leads to impotence, oligospermia, teratospermia, premature ejaculation etc.

In those conditions, DHEA boosts the hormones and correct the cascade. DHEA (dehydroepiandrosterone) is an adrenal steroid that functions as indirect building block for other hormones & has androgenic (testosterone producing) and estrogenic (estrogen producing) action, depending on body's need & hormone balance.

DHEA supplementation can also help to restore levels of hormones that have been lost as a result of ageing, as well as providing other health advantages.^[16]

Shivlingi, as previously stated, has androgenic effects and operates on the hypothalmo-pituitary gonadal axis and increase spermatogenesis, sperm count, serum testosterone & LH.

Shivlingi by its Rasayana karma treats those conditions by androgenic effects through DHEA. In the case of Azoospermia, there is absence of sperm due to obstruction or failure of spermatogenesis. This obstruction may be relieved by Katu Rasa, Ushna Veerya, Tikshna Guna and Rasayana Karma of Shivlingi.

Shivlingi also improves supply of nutrients to testes and blood flow to male reproductive organs, which ultimately helps to improve the process of spermatogenesis and treat impotence.

Female Infertility

In female, infertility occurs due to imbalance of hormones and mainly due to Diminished Ovarian Reserve (DOR). Beeja factor of *Garbhasambhav samagri* is abnormal or we can say it's in less quantity. According to ayurvedic types of *Vandhyatva*, DOR can occur in any condition.

DOR not only occurs due to female aging, but also occurs as consequence of premature ovarian aging (POA).

Thus, here *Shivlingi beeja* acts as androgenic drug through DHEA. It also helps to patients with ovulation issues, which are common in DOR.

DHEA is naturally existing hormone in female body which converts into androgens, mainly testosterone. As we say androgens are male hormones, they present in both sexes. In female body they are essential for production and development of healthy eggs. [17]

So, the androgenic effect of *Shivlingi* boosts the DHEA supplementation which improves response to ovarian

stimulation with gonadotropins by increasing quality of eggs/oocytes and numbers of embryo. It also reduces the chances of miscarriage rates and improves the chances of pregnancy in women with DOR. [18]

So, the Rasayana karma of Shivlingi work through androgenic impact via DHEA.

Shivlingi also beneficial in patients with overweight, scanty or absent menstruation, feeling heaviness or puffiness during premenstrual and menstrual period.

Shivlingi beeja helps to normalise the menstrual cycle if patient has scanty manses (Artavkashaya). Rasayana action of Shivlingi helps to synthesis purest rasa dhatu which further form purest upadhatu artava, of essential quality for fertilisation.

DISCUSSION

In the management of infertility, it is difficult to find a cause as its pathologic process is often poorly understood and hence treatments need to be specific. In modern medical, infertility in female treated with protocol of Letrozole & Gonadotropins, but one of the studies revealed that these drugs leading to Neonatal morbidities including gestational diabetes & locomotor malformation. That's why we have to provide our best formulations with successful results in the field of infertility as it is burning problem of current fast & luxurious lifestyle of people.

Shivlingi have androgenic effect used to treat infertility and boosts hormone in both male and female. But Shivlingi is just undiscovered and unpublished yet because the information given in ayurvedic texts about Shivlingi is so minimal. That's why it shows necessity for scientific verification of its Guna, properties and characteristics and also need to done studies to prove the mode of action and evaluation of its effect in infertility of both sexes.

This effort of review evaluation of anti-infertility action of *Shivlingi* may give base for further research, revalidation and evaluation of its effect which shows the potency of drug and make it popular medication in the management of infertility in both female and male.

Management of infertility can be done by correcting the factors involved and affects the fertility. Modifying the lifestyle, avoiding stress and any other noticeable cause should be avoided. The right management and choice of drug helps to correct the factors which affects fertility. Rasayana karma and Garbhasthapak Prabhava of Shivlingi gives best outcome of the treatment by acting on imbalance hormonal cascade, on spermatogenesis, on ovulation process and also on menstrual cycle irregularities.

Rasayana karma and uterine tonic properties of Shivlingi gives best results in infertility mainly due to beeja factor

in both sexes. *Shivlingi* by *Rasa, Guna, Virya, Vipaka, Krama and Prabhava* works on hormonal cascade and balance them by boosting and correcting them.

CONCLUSION

Shivlingi is effective on sperm and ovum factor i.e., beeja factor, which is important for Garbhasthapana; conception.

This single drug will be effective in male and female infertility by treating and correcting their hormones which further corrects the process of conception.

Rasayana karma and prabhava of shivlingi gives expected results in infertility concerned with hormonal imbalance and ovulation.

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