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IMPORTANCE OF MARMA CHIKITSA IN VARIOUS DISEASES

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ABSTRACT

According to Ayurveda, Marma are the vital sites on the body that are connected to many organs and nerves. Different texts of Ayurveda mentioned 107 Marma based on anatomical positions and different structures around them. The Marma point or Prana essential energy in the body for physiologically and mentally. If the flow of Prana is hampered or blocked, the physical structure is altered and pathologies begin to develop. The use of Marma therapy for a variety of disorders is described in Ayurveda, along with the identification of Marma points that need to be treated because damage to these Marma points may have major negative effects. At the Marma point, many types of muscles, veins, bones, ligaments, and joints converge, acting as a physiological junction. This article summarises numerous Ayurvedic viewpoints on Marma and its clinical significance.

INTRODUCTION

According to Ayurveda, certain body areas are thought to be Prana Sthana, or the "place where life resides," and are known as Marma. While Marma treatment is used to treat various medical disorders, the main benefit of *Marma* therapy is that it is a non-invasive therapy. Injury to these Marma points may result in significant effects. The 107 Marma were detailed in the traditional Ayurveda text. Ancient descriptions of Marma include Sadhyopranhar, Kalantarpranhar, Vaikalyakar, Vishalyaghna, and Rujakar. The sthana (locations) used for Marma chikitsa, where Abhyanga (massage) and Mardana (Acupressure) are done, are Dhamani, Sira, Asthi, Mamsa, Kandara, Sandhi, and Snayu. Due to the involvement of numerous Pranas, including vayu, sattva, agni, rajas, and atma, Marma points also aid in the balancing of the Tridoshas and Trigunas.

Location of certain *Marma* and their function in medicine

They include Talahridaya Marma, Kurcha Marma, Kurchashira Marma, and Kshipra Marma. Talahridaya Marma is related to how the respiratory and circulatory systems work. Kurcha Marma is related to Prana Vayu (body energy), Kurchashira Marma aids in controlling the muscular system of the body and increases digestive power, Kshipra Marma is related to heart and lungs function, and Gulpha Marma is in charge of joint motion.

Kapala Marma and Nasa Madhya Marma, Sthapani Marma controls mind and senses, Avarta Marma relates with Vata dosha and body posture. Shankha Marma controls *Vata* and relieve headache. *Phana Marma* balances *kapha* and relieves headaches. *Shringataka Marma* boosts *Ojas* and sense organ. *Hanu Marma* improves complexion and reduces stress. *Kapala Marma* relieves stressand excess emotions. Nasa Madhya *Marma* pacifies aggression and relief nasalcongestion.

Marma Chikitsa

Along with *abhyanga* and *mardana*, the use of external stimulation, pulling techniques, *panchkarma*, and massage are all included in *Marma* therapy.

Marma mostly deals with Vata Dosha because it is connected to Prana, which is associated with that dosha. Various Marma points, including Prana Vata, Udana Vata, Vyana Vata, Samana Vata, and Apana Vata, are taken into account for Vata Vyadhi depending on the participation of Vata.

Marma therapy helps with Vata Vyadhi as well as clearing the body's channels (shrotas) and enhancing circulation. It improves mental and physical flexibility, gets rid of pollutants, and is used in medicine to treat numerous diseases, including cardiac problems. Marma therapy stimulates key areas, clearing obstructions from the shrotas and promoting physical and mental rest. Marma treatment primarily treats illnesses relating to the neuromuscular system, neuronal system, loco motor system, and blood circulation systems. administered around the Asthi, Snayu, Sira, and Sandhi, etc. Using pressure onthe Marma points, Marma Chikitsa facilitates the passage of positive Prana through the various channels, and this Prana is able to treat disorders like

headache, joint discomfort, paralysis (Hridaya Roga), mental tension, and muscular sprain, among others. The traditional text of *Ayurveda* refers to a number of treatments as *Marma Chikitsa*, including *Swedana*, *Abhayanga*, *Pizhichil*, and *Kizhi*. *Shirobhyanga* (*Abhyanga*) is helpful for treating illnesses like *shirshoola*, *hanustambha*, *manyastambha*, *badhirya* etc.

- Kurcha Marma Relates with digestive process, improves flow of pranafor sensory activity.
- Kurchashira Promotes visual activity & reproductive stimulation.
- Kshipra Associated with functioning of heart & lungs.
- Talahridaya Boost immune system.
- Marma help to treat following disease conditions
- Joint pain
- Respiratory obstructions
- Nervous system disorders
- Muscular pain
- Headaches & migraines
- Fatigue
- Mental stress
- Paralysis
- Blood pressure
- Hridaya Roga

Clinical Importance of Marma

Gulpha Marma The Gulpha Marma is used for the Siravedha and anklejoint disorders and is located where the Pada and Jangha connect. Ruja, khanjata, and stabdha padata are possible effects of the injury to GulphaMarma. Clinically, it is used to treat pain, muscle sprains, and joint injuries.

Adhipati Marma It is resides at top of skull and superior sinus is a place of Adhipati marma. It is also considered as Sandhi marma due to the abundance of veins around this region. Clinically it associated with pathological symptoms such as; Murcha, Bhram and Pralap.

Lohitaksha Marma Lohitaksha Marma found in lower limb in femoraltriangle lateral to pubic symphysis. It is a Vaikalyakar Marma and also described as Sira Marma. It surrounded by skin, superficial fascia, fascialata, femoral artery, femoral nerve and femoral vein. It is clinically responsible for hemorrhage due to the injury.

Urvi Marma Urvi Marma related to the *Sira* and positioned at adductor canal, the structural component of this *Marma* site are femoral vein with Adductor Magnus, Sartorius and Vastus Medialis etc. It is clinically responsible for hemorrhage due to the injury.

CONCLUSION

Marma are important locations and *Prana* centres. They can be specifically utilised for the identification and treatment of sickness, or just to encourage good health and life. They are essential to all *Ayurvedic* remedies, from straight forward self-care to sophisticated clinical procedures.

They represent one of the fundamental tenets of Ayurvedic philosophy and practise. *Marma* therapy is compatible with all Ayurvedic treatments, including panchakarma.

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